

InfraGard Arcadiana Meeting



Drone Threat(s) of on the Lower Mississippi River and the Outer Continental Shelf



AUVSI LOUISIANA PELICAN







ISIS Propaganda Threats
Continue

ISIS Shrinking Caliphate; Last Stand in Syria



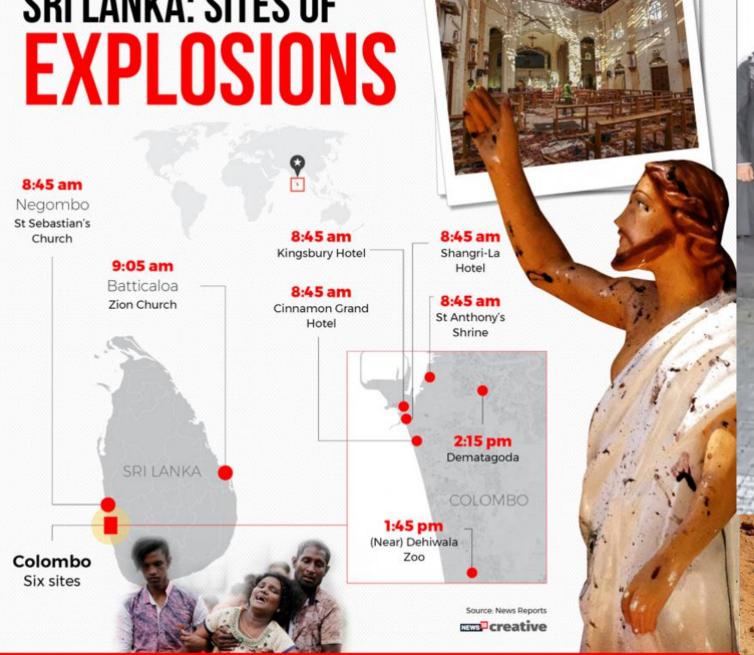


Reverting to Insurgency
Tactics After the Caliphate

Over 100, 000 surrendered between Hajin and Baghouz 20% were Men



SRI LANKA: SITES OF







ISIS Extensive Use of Commercial Drones

Improvised Attack Drones in Syria & Iraq



COTS Technology, LLC ©



ISIS Upping Drone Battlefield Technology

Skywalker 8X Delta Wing Adapted to drop small bombs



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Car Bomb Mosul Iraq ISIS Highpoint

ISIS Conducting a Drone Coordinated Attack





ISIS Teaching the Next Generation

Fighters Learning How to Convert Drones Into Flying IEDs





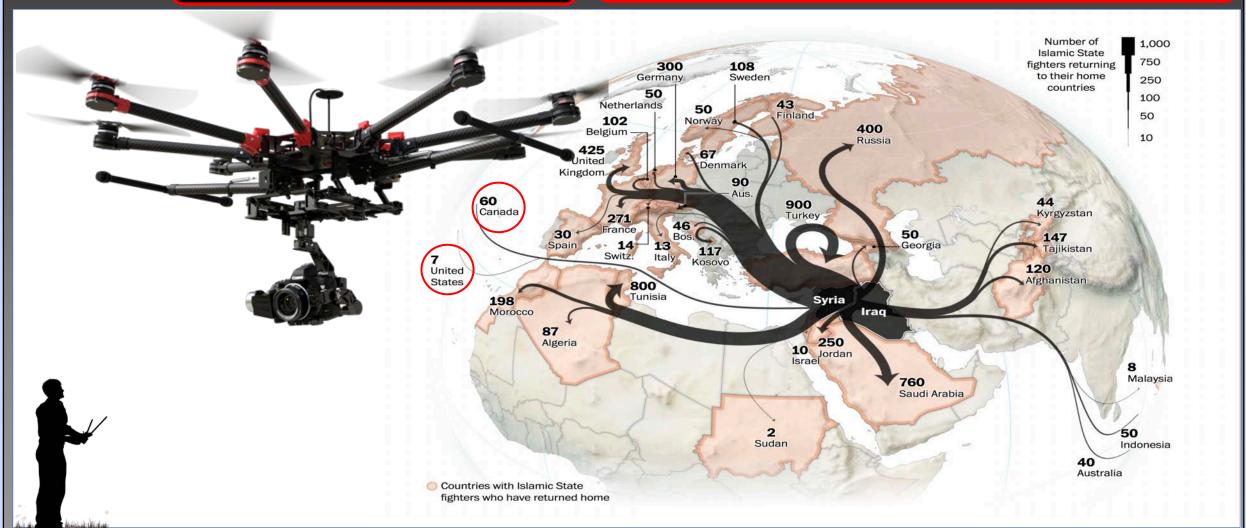


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ISIS Trained Drone Operators

Knowledge, Skills, Ability Determination to Act; Threat of the Returnees





Interpol Trying to Track 45K Jihadist Fighters

8 Countries in Europe are Collaborating to Tackle this Threat of returning Young Jihadist





70

Number involved in fighting or received training

130

Number who died in Iraq and Syria

470

Number prepared to commit acts of terror in Germany in Germany

8,650

Number of **Salafists**

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cesium

Drone Chemical Attack

Contaminated Sands Taken near Fukushima Daiichi Nuc Plant (2015)



Landed on roof of Japan's Prime Minister Abe's Building



Drug Cartel Caught With Drone IED

~ ½ Kilo of Explosives Attached

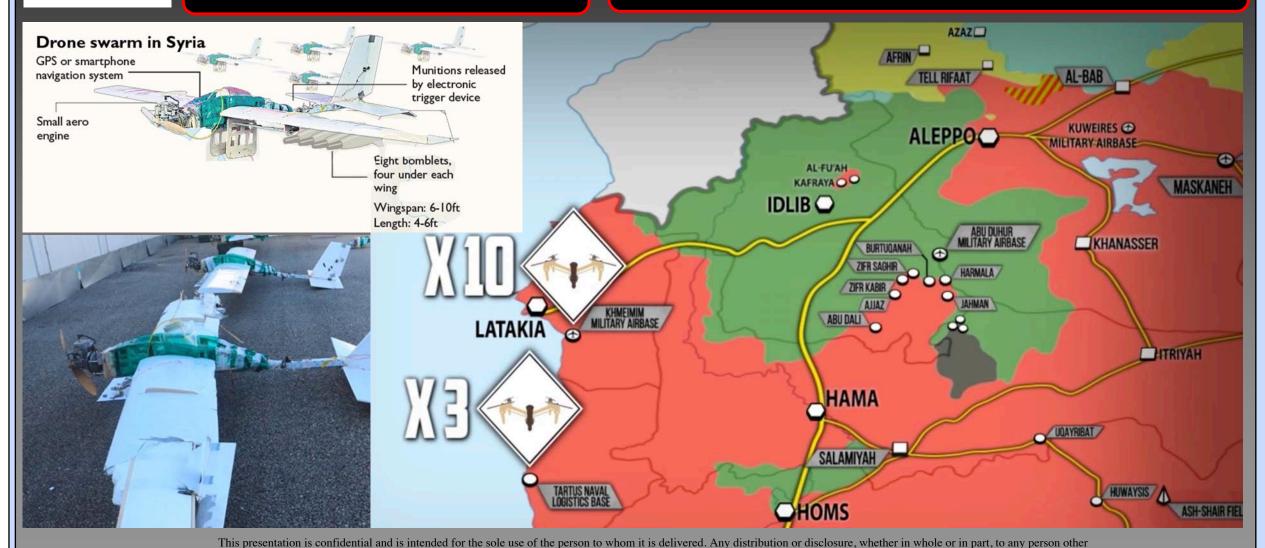
Cártel de Jalisco Nueva Generación (CJNG) operatives (Oct 2017)





The 1st Combat Drone Swarm Attack

5 January 2018 Syrian Air Base & Naval Base with Russian Assets

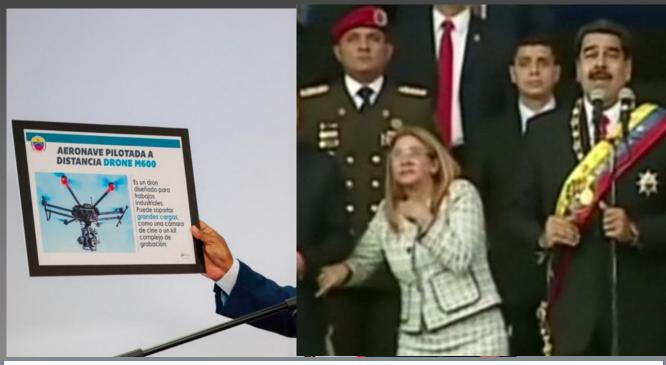


COTS Technology, LLC ©



Venezuela President Maduro Drone Assassin Attack

Best Estimate 1 Kilo of Explosive (04 Aug 2018)







M-600

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Found in a Tree Near the Ukraine/Russia Border

Home Brew Drone Smuggling Drugs Cigarettes and Weapons (Sep 2018)



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Houthis' Drone Attack Yemeni Top Brass

Six Yemeni forces are Killed Gathered near the al-Anad Airbase (Jan 10th 2019)



Flying
autonomous
ly along preprogrammed
waypoints,
and has a
range of up
to 150 km
when
carrying a
30-45kg
warhead.









Houthis' Drone Attack Saudi Pipeline

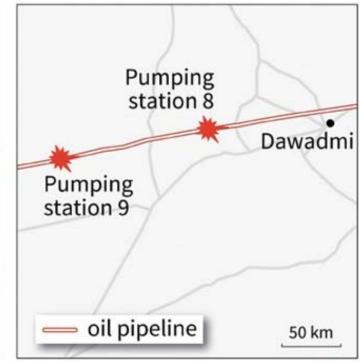
Saudi Pipeline Carries 10% of Crude Export to Europe (May 14th 2019)



Drone attacks

Two Saudi oil pumping stations targeted, May 14







Sources: Aramco, US Energy Ministry





Houthis' Drone Attack Saudi Airport

One Killed & 26 Civilians Injured/5th Attack on ABHA Airport (June 24th 2019)







Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps Navy Boat

Houti Militants Employ Iranian Ya Mahdi USVIED (Jan 30th 2017)

LOA: 51 ft. 0 in

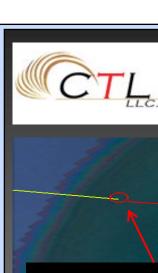


Specifications: Speed: 72 knots (83mph)
Dimensions

Beam: 14 ft. 7 in Minimum Draft: 2 ft. 9 in Maximum Draft: 2 ft. 11 in Dry Weight: 16000 kilograms

Three USVED Swarm Attack

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Houthi Ya Mahdi USVED **Employed**

Saudi Aramco Oil Depot & Distribution Stationed Attacked (Apr 2017)

USVIED Stopped 1.5 nm from Depot Jizan Bulk Plant - Saudi Aramco **UAS Drone Attack and** Fire (Jul 2018) This presentation is confidential and is intended for the sole use of the person to whom it is derivered. Any distribution of disclosure, whether in whole of in part, to any person other



Houthi "Ya Mahdi" USVED Employed

UAE Minesweeper Sunk at Pier in Mokha Stationed Attacked (Jul 2018)



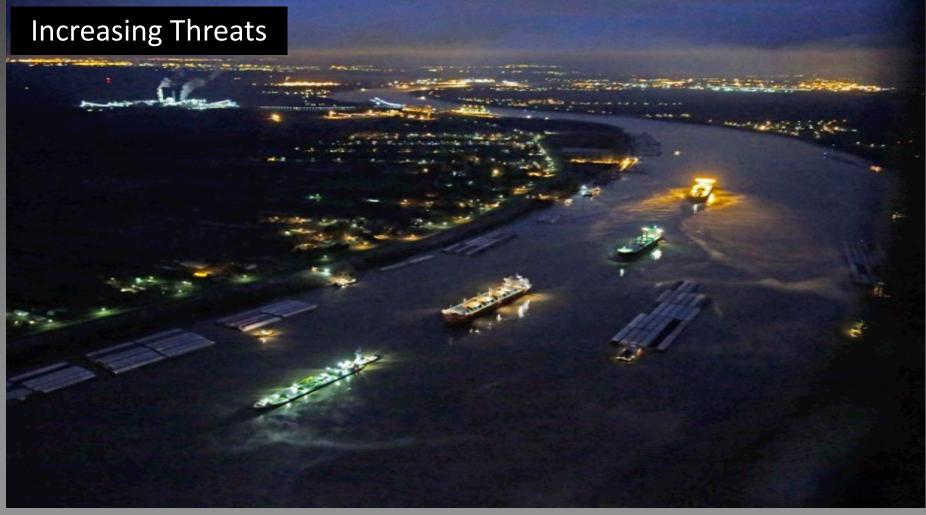




Mississippi River Critical Infrastructure

Vessel Crew Members Going to Sea with Their Drones





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In Our Backyard

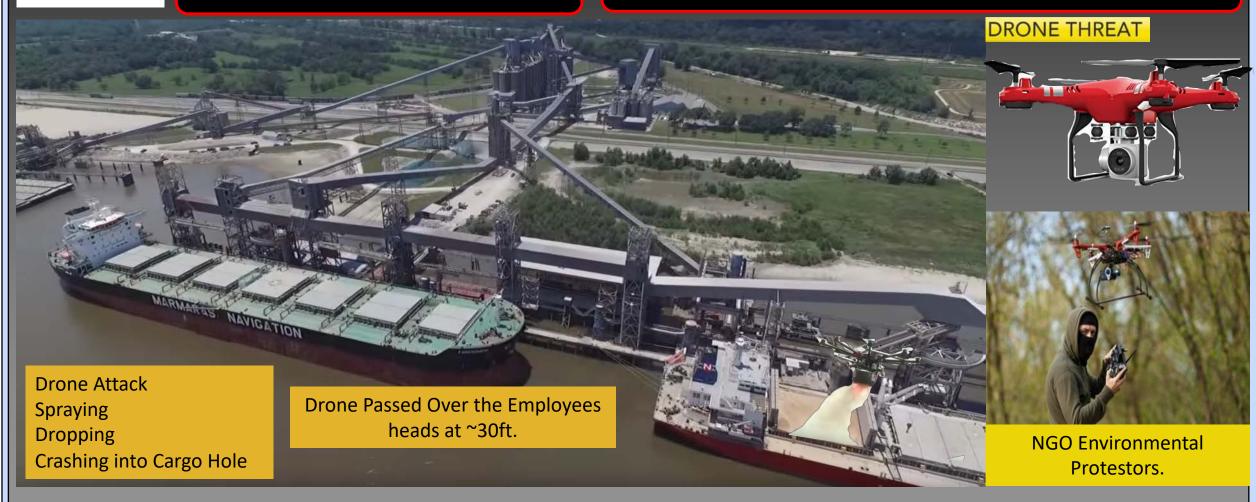
Flying Over River Bulk Transfer Sites During Operations





Randomly Flying over Facility Day & Night

Destrehan, LA Grain Loading Facility



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Worst Case Scenerio Levee Blowout

Donaldsonville Nitrogen Complex **Loading Ammonium Nitrate**





USCG/INFRAGARD/AMSC/ FAA (2017)

Teamed together to reduce 90% of Erroneous NRC Unauthorized Drone Flights

Facility Security Officer (FSO) Working Group took the effort a step further by establishing a port wide communication network to track all UAS flights.









UNITED STATES COAST GUARD SECTOR NEW ORLEANS MARINE SAFETY INFORMATION BULLETIN

Volume XVII Jame: 005

ime: 1600

Date: 09 Feb 2017

<u>Unmanned Aerial Systems and Maritime Transportation</u> Security Act Regulated Waterfront Facility Reporting Processes

The Sector New Orleans Captain of the Port (COTP) has identified an increase in the frequency of National Response Center (NRC) reports addressing Unmanned Aerial Systems (UAS) operating in airspace in the vicinity of and/or inside airspace directly above the property boundaries of Maritime Transportation Security Act (MTSA) regulated waterfront facilities in the New Orleans COTP Zone. Therefore, to reduce the frequency of erroneous or unverifiable NRC reports and to more efficiently employ investigative and law enforcement resources, it is recommended that the facility intending to conduct UAS operations notify the adjacent facilities of the operation 24-48 hours in advance along with providing a "24-Hour Advanced Notice of UAS Operation" form to Sector New Orleans Facility Compliance Branch through electronic mail at Transfernoticenola@uscg.mil, or through facsimile at (504) 365-2287 and fistnola@uscg.mil

If a facility representative observes an unidentified UAS operating in the airspace in the vicinity of and/or inside airspace directly above the property boundaries of a MTSA regulated waterfront facility (to include "Secure Areas" and/or "Restricted Areas"); the standard NRC reporting process for MTSA regulated waterfront facilities in the New Orleans COTP Zone is encouraged. Furthermore, facility personnel and mariners are also encouraged to report suspicious UAS activity to American Waterways Watch (877-249-2824) and DHS "See Something Say Something."

Additionally, if the UAS lands/impacts against the ground and/or physical infrastructure within a "Secure Area" and/or "Restricted Area" of a MTSA regulated waterfront facility, then facilities shall file a "Security Breach" with the NRC as per 33CFR101.305. Finally, facility representatives shall follow their approved Facility Security Plan and make all the required notifications to facilitate the investigation of the incident.

A "24-Hour Advanced Notice of UAS Operation" form is supplied with this MSIB, identified as MSIB XVII Issue 002a. Form can also be located at the Sector New Orleans, Homeport.

For further in

Mandatory Requirement MSIB Marine Safety Office

4) 365-2370

447

CAPTAIN WR. ARGUIN Captain of the Port New Orleans

For a current list of MSIB's within the COTP New Orleans Zone click: https://homeport.uscg.mil/nola under "Safety and Security"



24-Hour Advanced Notice of Unmanned Aerial System (UAS) Operation

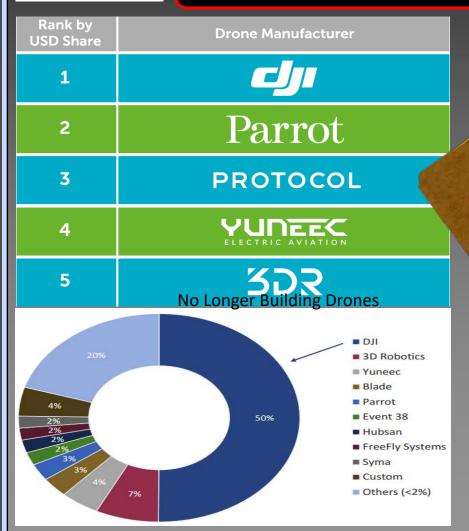
The following information can be sent to the United States Coast Guard Sector New Orleans Facility Compliance Branch by e-mail at Transfernoticenola@useg.mil, or faxed to (504) 365-2287 and fistnola@useg.mil. If you have any questions please call Sector New Orleans Facility Compliance Branch at (504) 365-2370.

Facility Name	
Location (Mile Marker and River Bank or Lat/Long)	LMR MM 169
Start Date and Time of Operation	05.13.19 at 1200
End Date and Time of Operation	05.13.19 at 1700
UAS Manufacture and Model Number	DJI - Phantom 4
UAS Serial Number (if available)	11UCF6S0A40029
Facility Representative	
24-Hour Contact Information	
Description	Operating UAS for data collection purposes at facility.



U.S. Army Directive Discontinue Use of DJI

DJI Drone Products Represent 70% of US Market



FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF, G-3/5/7 400 ARMY PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20310-0400

2 August 2017

FOR RECORD

Discontinue Use of Dajiang Innovation (DJI) Corporation Unmanned Aircraft

References:

- a. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) report, "DJI UAS Technology Threat and User Vulnerabilities," dated 25 May 2017 (Classified).
- b. Navy memorandum, "Operational Risks with Regards to DJI Family of Products," dated 24 May 2017.
- 2. Background: DJI Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) products are the most widely used non-program of record commercial off-the-shelf UAS employed by the Army. The Army Aviation Engineering Directorate has issued over 300 separate Airworthiness Releases for DJI products in support of multiple organizations with a variety of mission sets. Due to increased awareness of cyber vulnerabilities associated with DJI products, it is directed that the U.S. Army halt use of all DJI products. This guidance applies to all DJI UAS and any system that employs DJI electrical components or software including, but not limited to, flight computers, cameras, radios, batteries, speed controllers, GPS units, handheld control stations, or devices with DJI software applications installed.
- Direction: Cease all use, uninstall all DJI applications, remove all batteries/storage media from devices, and secure equipment for follow on direction.
- Point of Contact: Headquarters, Department of the Army G-3/5/7 Aviation Directorate, 703-693-3552.

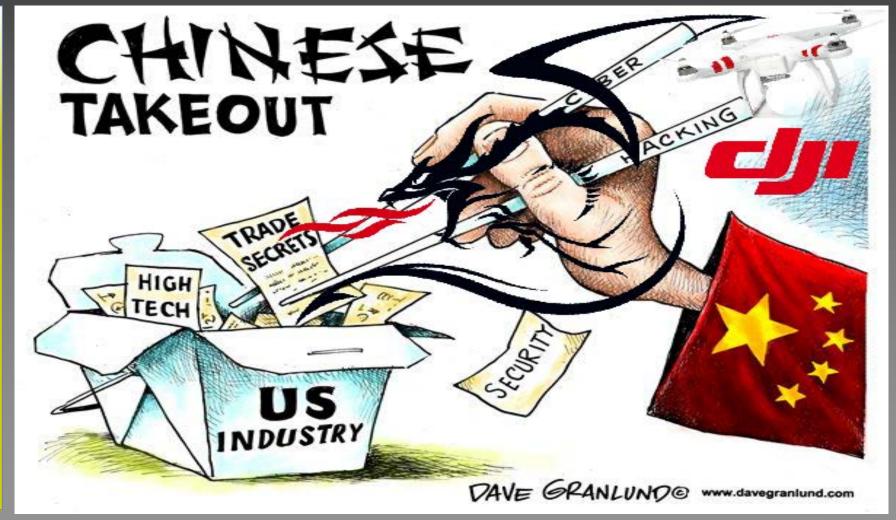


DJI Trojan Horse Software

U. S. Army Stop Order in Using DJI Drones Destroyed All DJI Drones Last Fall

Cyber Vulnerabilities

- DJI Tranship Your Data
- DJI Telemetry Data sent back after each flight to Servers in China
- Your Data id Collected via the DJI GoApp
- Trojan Horse Gateway on U. S. Critical Infrastructure sent to China





DJI's Bug Bounty Reward

Identifying Security Issues With DJI Software

- Hacking & Disabling
- Undetected "hot patching" of code
- DJI Will Pay Up To \$30K for helping ID a Significant Vulnerability
- Even with this Program

 How Do We Know if there
 is Still a Trojan Horse



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DHS Alert Chinese Manufactured UAS

Potential Risk To An Organization's Information and Sensitive Data





Operators

Inexperienced operators can place an organization's UAS device and its data at risk if they do not follow established procedures for securing the UAS before, during, and after flight. Both transmitted and stored data are vulnerable when the device, its components, or its transmission feed are not properly secured by the operator.

Manufacturers & Vendors

Organization's information is at risk if employing technology that has been corrupted by malware, or contain automatic data transmission back to a third party. Manufacturers and vendors can build in malware or collect data from your UAS device without your knowledge.

Data Theft

Organizations are susceptible to theft of information if the UAS device and your organization's network are not properly secured, and if the communication feed that the UAS is operating on is unencrypted.

Network Intrusion

UAS can expose organizations to network breaches, which could lead to unauthorized access to data sets and other information.



DHS Alert Chinese Manufactured UAS

Reducing Drone Risk; Mitigation Strategy









aptonomy



















Purchase UAS devices and components from reputable vendors

Do your research and ensure that the vendor from whom you plan to purchase your device and its components is trustworthy. Be cautious when purchasing UAS technology from Chinese manufacturers as they can contain components that can compromise your data and share your information on a server accessed beyond the company itself.

Understand how and where your UAS data is being stored

Be aware of whether your UAS data is being stored by the vendor or other third parties. If it is being stored, find out how, where, and for how long.

Determine how your UAS will interact with infrastructure and networks

To avoid compromising proprietary information, be sure to understand how to properly operate and limit your device's access to networks in order to avoid unnecessary exposure of data to external threats. There are proactive steps that can be taken to deactivate vulnerable features of UAS.

Perform a risk assessment

Risk assessments should be performed to identify physical and cyber threats to your organization's information. Assessments can inform how to appropriately incorporate UAS into security and safety operations while reducing the risks of data compromise to market competitors or malicious actors. Protective and response strategies should be incorporated into emergency action plans.

Implement a layered security approach

Develop policies, strategies, and plans that collectively address the UAS device, its components, the operator, and your organization's physical and cyber infrastructure.



DHS Alert Chinese Manufactured UAS

Potential Risk To An Organization's Information and Sensitive Data



Potential Mitigating Measures for Chinese Manufactured UAS



Deactivate internet connection from device used to operate the UAS.



Take precautionary steps prior to installing updated software or firmware.



Remove secure digital card from the main flight controller/aircraft.



If SD card is required to fly the aircraft, remove all data from the card after every flight.

www.dhs.gov/cisa/uas-critical-infrastructure.





Ships Arriving At Loop From Terror Hotspots

Threats can arrive by Ships Loading or Off-loading at LOOP

18 Miles Off the Coast





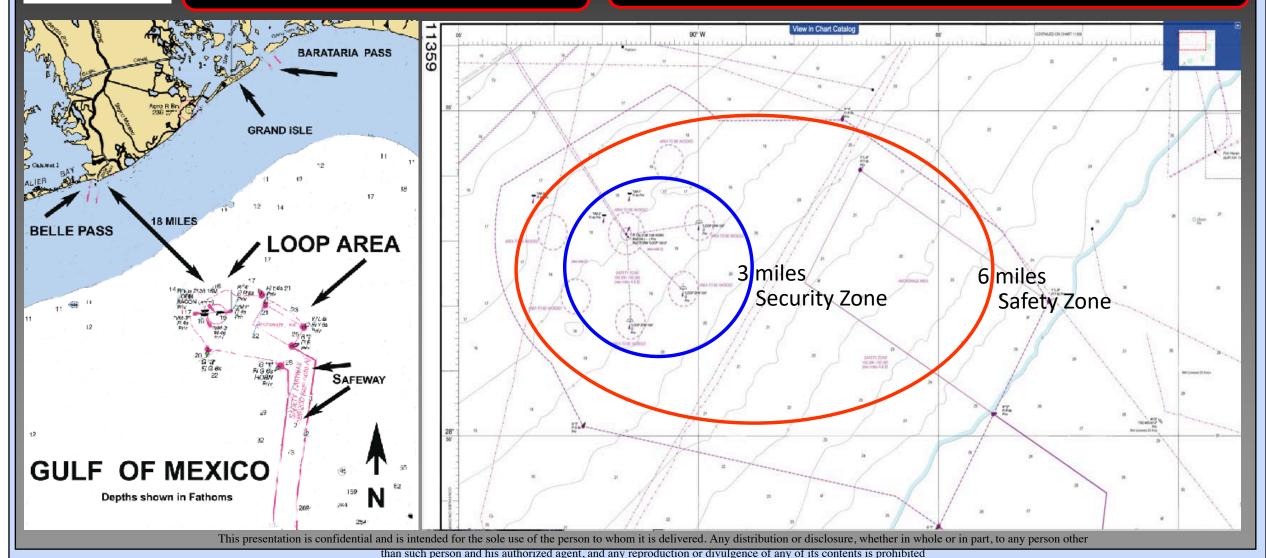


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Drone Endurance Rapidly Improving

Building a Geo Fence around LOOP Marine Terminal





HGJ/VEG Easy Access to Vessels

Night Time Attack at Production Platform; Hard to Defend

VEG; Violent Extremist Groups:

Sovereign Citizen Extremists Anarchist Extremists Militia Extremists White Supremacy Extremists

HGE; Home Grown Extremist





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Geo-Fencing Production Platforms

All Possible for Drone Threats



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USCG D8 OCS Developing Working Group

Developing UAS Pre-Flight Reporting Similar to the LMR Current Requirements

- Counter UAS
- Counter USV
- Counter AUV
- Counter Diver
- Common
 Operating Picture
 on the Platform
 and Ashore HQ
- Encrypted Control and Data Lines of Communication





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Counter-Drone Technology Issues

FBI's Operational Technology Law Unit



A Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) reauthorization bill contains a provision that would allow the **Department of Homeland/DOJ-FBI** Security to attack drones that threaten national assets, Unveiled the same day, the provision is part of H.R. 302

Legal Challenges to Taking C-UAS Actions

Wiretap Act (18 USC §2511)

Pen Register Act (18 USC §2511)

Computer Fraud & Abuse Act (18 USC §1030)

Aircraft Sabotage Act (18 USC §32)

Satellite Signals Interference (18 USC §1367)

Other Challenges

Communications Interference (47 USC §333)

National Strategy on Aviation Security



FBI Director Christopher Wray

Risk of Drones Steadily Increasing

- FBI is convinced that terror groups will use
 Drones to carry out attacks on American
- FBI assesses that, given their retail availability, lack of verified identification requirement to procure, general ease of use, and prior use overseas
- Terrorist easily export their battlefield experiences to use weaponized Drones outside the conflict zone
- "We have seen repeated and dedicated efforts to use Drones as weapons, not only by terrorist organizations, such as ISIS and al Qaeda, but also by transnational criminal organizations such as MS-13 and Mexican drug cartels."



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FAA Reauthorization Act 2018 Signed By President

FBI/HLS Authority Down Drones Deemed "Credible Threat" to Federal Facilities

SEC. 364. U.S. COUNTER-UAS (C-UAS) SYSTEM REVIEW OF INTERAGENCY COORDINATION PROCESSES

FAA has 60 days to start reviewing and 180 days to deliver a report on how the Administration coordinates C-UAS activity and what standards are used to protect the NAS, people and property from rogue UAS without interfering with the avionics of legally operating aircraft or air traffic control systems. The report must state how the administration assesses C-UAS system standards, how the interagency process works for C-UAS and whether the administration needs additional C-UAS authorities.

SEC. 44810. AIRPORT SAFETY AND AIRSPACE HAZARD MITIGATION AND ENFORCEMENT

The FAA must develop a plan to certify, permit and authorize C-UAS systems. The FAA must set up an aviation rulemaking committee (ARC) to make recommendations and test C-UAS at five airports, including one top 10 passenger boarding airport. Airport sponsors can buy certified counter UAS systems using the Airports Improvement Program funding (AIP). The plan cannot delegate C-UAS authority to other federal, state, local, territorial, or tribal agencies, or an airport sponsor.

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The Aircraft Sabotage Act, the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1986, the Wiretap Act and the Pen/Trap Statute, shall not apply to FAA counter UAS activities.



DHS Counter Unmanned Aircraft System (CUAS) RFI

DHS's COUNTER UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS TEST PROGRAM at SNL



Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations § 99.7 – "Special Security Instructions"

Restricted Airspace







DHS S&T



SNL Test & Evaluation

Video Temporal Frequency Analysis (TFA)

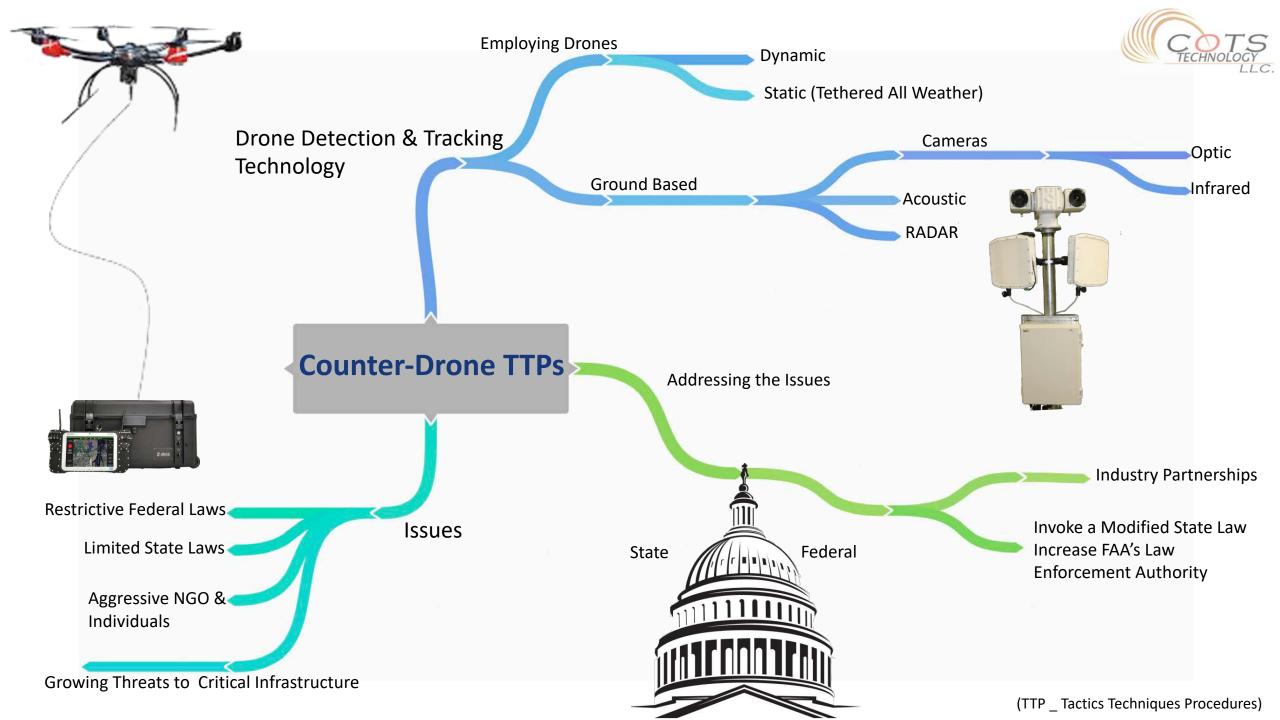
Acoustic

Metamaterials Electronically Scanning Array (MESA™) radar

Preventing Emerging Threats Act of 2018

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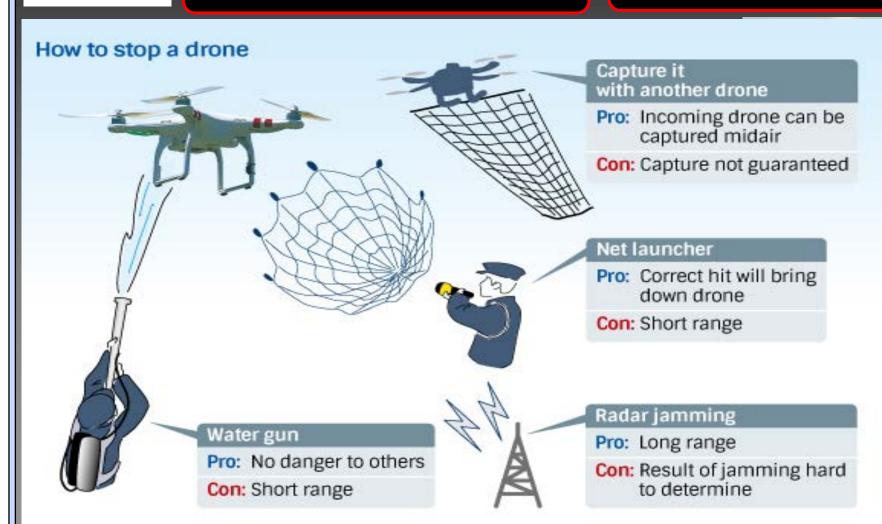
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Current Approaches

Tactics Techniques Procedures (TTP)





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Preventing Emerging Threats Act of 2018 (Div. H, Sec. 1601)

DHS's COUNTER UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS TEST PROGRAM

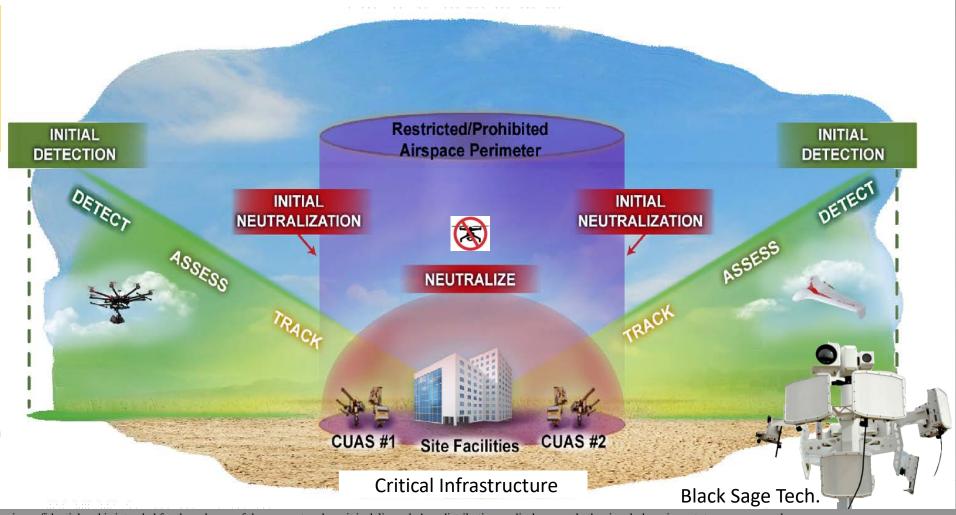
DHS also must conduct an assessment on the threat from UAS to critical infrastructure and large domestic airports

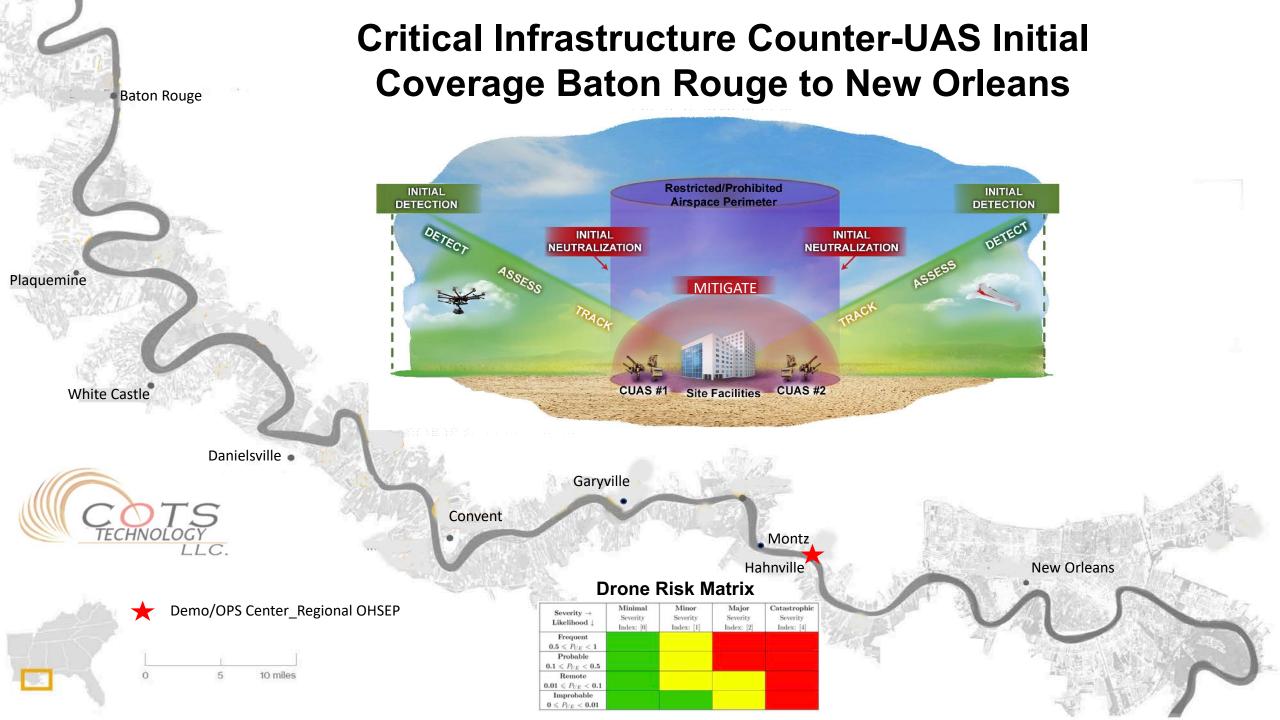


High Cost Systems



Lit eye - AUDS system







If U Fly U Must Comply

FAA & Industry Educating the Public B4UFLY Resolution Before Our LA Legislature

SAFE SAFE

All drones are aircraft—even the ones at the toy store. So when I fly a drone I am a pilot.

Before I fly I always go through my pre-flight check list. I regularly check the safety guidelines at faa.gov/uas

FLY SMART, FLY SAFE, AND HAVE FUN! knowbeforeyoufly.org faa.gov/uas

I fly below 400 feet

- I always fly within visual line of sight
- I'm aware of FAA airspace requirements: faa.gov/go/uastfr
- I never fly over groups of people
- I never fly over stadiums and sports events
- I never fly within 5 miles of an airport without first contacting air traffic control and airport authorities
- I never fly near emergency response efforts such as fires
- I never fly near other aircraft
- I never fly under the influence







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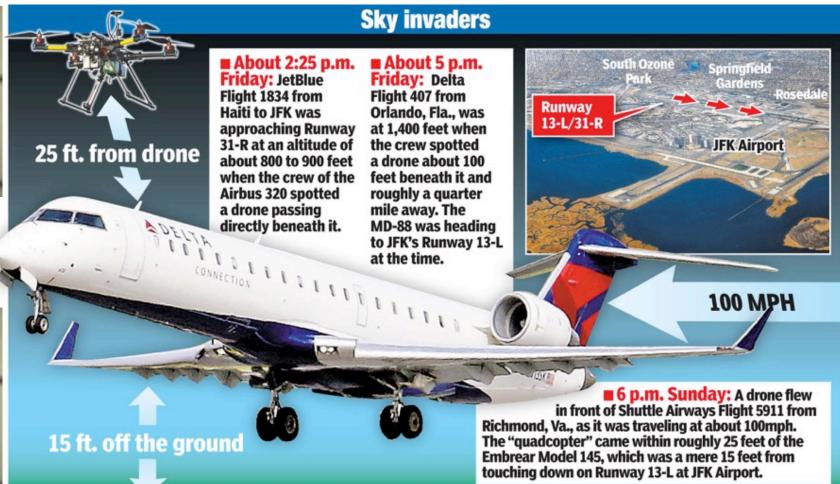
FAA's Greatest Fear

Integrating Drones into the National Air Space



Experiment; Drone Striking a Wing







First Proven Incident in USA

82nd Airborne U.S. Army Black Hawk Helicopter

500 feet above the Midland Beach section of Staten Island 1930 EST Last Week





A Piece of a Drone was Found in the Oil Cooler and Damage to the Fuselage and Two Blades





Last Word On Drone Safety

Drones Are Not Toys When The Blades are Spinning





R. George Rey Sr.









Chapter President

504-908-8784 rgeorey@me.com

> 3712 Lake Aspen Dr. West Gretna, LA 70056